

DISCLOSURES UNDER BASEL III CAPITAL REGULATIONS (CONSOLIDATED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 30th SEPTEMBER 2019

I. SCOPE OF APPLICATION AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Name of the head of the banking group to which the framework applies: Axis Bank Limited

Axis Bank Limited (the 'Bank') is a commercial bank, which was incorporated on 3rd December 1993. The Bank is the controlling entity for all group entities. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank comprise the financial statements of Axis Bank Limited and its subsidiaries that together constitute the 'Group'. The Bank consolidates its subsidiaries in accordance with Accounting Standard 21 (AS-21) 'Consolidated Financial Statements' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on a line-by-line basis by adding together the like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure.

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

The list of group entities considered for consolidation is given below:

Name of the Entity/Country of Incorporation	Included under Accounting Scope of Consolidation	Method of Consolidation	Included under Regulatory Scope of Consolidatio n	Method of Consolidation	Reasons for difference in the Method of Consolidation	Reasons, if Consolidated under only one of the Scopes of Consolidatio n
A.Treds Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Accelyst Solutions Private Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Asset Managemen t Company Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Bank UK Limited/UK	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Capital Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA



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Axis Capital USA LLC(1)/ USA	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Finance Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Private Equity Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Securities Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21- Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Axis Trustee Services Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA
Freecharge Payment Technologies Private Limited/India	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	Consolidated in accordance with AS 21-Consolidated Financial Statements	NA	NA

^{*} NA – Not Applicable

There are no group entities that are not considered for consolidation under both the accounting scope of consolidation and regulatory scope of consolidation.

⁽¹⁾ Step-down subsidiary - Axis Capital Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Bank owns 100% stake in Axis Capital USA LLC.



(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

The list of group entities considered for consolidation as on 30^{th} September 2019 is given below:

			(< in millions)
Name of the Entity/ Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity of the Entity	Total Balance Sheet Equity*	Total Balance Sheet Assets
A.Treds Limited/ India	Setting up institutional mechanism to facilitate financing of trade receivables of MSME	450	166
Accelyst Solutions Private Limited/ India	Providing and facilitating online recharge/ bill payment/ coupon services, marketing platform for third parties, distribution of mutual funds and insurance	6,797	1,086
Axis Asset Management Company Limited/ India	Asset Management company for Axis Mutual Fund	2,101	4,675
Axis Bank UK Limited/ UK	Retail Banking, Corporate Banking, Commercial Banking and Treasury Services	5,670 (USD 80)	52,114 (USD 735)
Axis Capital Limited/ India	Merchant Banking, Institutional Broking and Investment Banking Business	735	7,367
Axis Capital USA LLC/ USA	Broker/dealer for investments channeled to Indian equities	50 (USD .71)	42 (USD .59)
Axis Finance Limited/ India	Non-Banking Financial activities	4,808	76,423
Axis Mutual Fund Trustee Limited/ India	Trustee company for Axis Mutual Fund	1	6
Axis Private Equity Limited/ India	Managing investments, venture capital funds and off-shore funds	15	37
Axis Securities Limited/ India	Marketing of Retail Asset Products, Credit Cards and Retail Broking	1,445	4,969
Axis Trustee Services Limited/ India	Trusteeship services	15	696
Freecharge Payment Technologies Private Limited/ India	Operating payment system for semi closed prepaid payment instrument	5,811	1,548

^{*} Paid up Equity Capital



Note -

There is no capital deficiency in any subsidiary, which is not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation.

As on 30th September 2019, the Bank does not have controlling interest in any insurance entity.

There are no restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group.

II. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Bank is subject to the capital adequacy guidelines stipulated by RBI, which are based on the framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. As per Basel III guidelines, the Bank is required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 9% {11.5% including Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB)}, with minimum Common Equity Tier I (CET1) of 5.5% (8% including CCB) as on 31st March 2020. These guidelines on Basel III have been implemented on 1st April 2013 in a phased manner. The minimum capital required to be maintained by the Bank for the half year ended 30th September 2019 is 10.875% with minimum Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) of 7.375% (including CCB of 1.875%)

An assessment of the capital requirement of the Bank is carried out through a comprehensive projection of future businesses that takes cognizance of the strategic intent of the Bank, profitability of particular businesses and opportunities for growth. The proper mapping of credit, operational and market risks to this projected business growth enables assignment of capital that not only adequately covers the minimum regulatory capital requirement but also provides headroom for growth. The calibration of risk to business is enabled by a strong risk culture in the Bank aided by appropriate, technology-based risk management systems. As part of the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP), the Bank also assesses the adequacy of capital under stress. A summary of the Bank's capital requirement for credit, market and operational risk and the capital adequacy ratio as on 30th September 2019 is presented below:

(₹ in millions)

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Capital Requirements for various Risks	Amount
CREDIT RISK	'
Capital requirements for Credit Risk	
- Portfolios subject to standardized approach	448,204
- Securitisation exposures	-
MARKET RISK	
Capital requirements for Market Risk	
- Standardised duration approach	32,000
- Interest rate risk	23,534
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	968
- Equity risk	7,498
OPERATIONAL RISK	
Capital requirements for Operational risk	
- Basic indicator approach	52,775
6	

Note:- Capital requirement has been computed at 9% of RWA

Capital Adequacy Ratios	Consolidated	Standalone
Common Equity Tier – 1 CRAR	13.94%	13.82%
Tier – 1 CRAR	15.12%	15.03%
Total CRAR	18.23%	18.23%

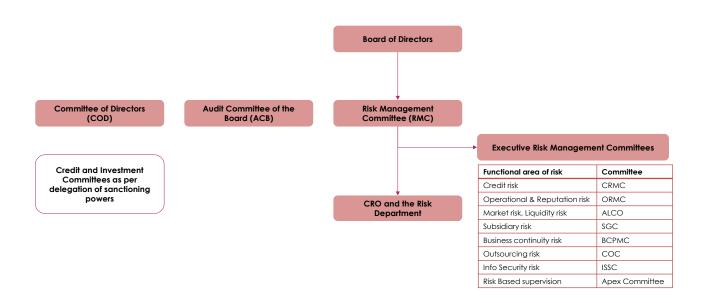


III. RISK MANAGEMENT: OBJECTIVES AND ORGANISATION STRUCTURE

The wide variety of businesses undertaken by the Bank requires it to identify, measure, control, monitor and report risks effectively. The key components of the Bank's risk management rely on the risk governance architecture, comprehensive processes and internal control mechanism based on approved policies and guidelines. The Bank's risk governance architecture focuses on the key areas of risk such as credit, market (including liquidity) and operational risk and quantification of these risks, wherever possible, for effective and continuous monitoring and control.

Objectives and Policies

The Bank's risk management processes are guided by well-defined policies appropriate for various risk categories, independent risk oversight and periodic monitoring through the subcommittees of the Board of Directors. The Board sets the overall risk appetite and philosophy for the Bank. The Committee of Directors, the Risk Management Committee and the Audit Committee of the Board, which are sub-committees of the Board, review various aspects of risk arising from the businesses of the Bank. Various senior management committees operate within the broad policy framework as illustrated below:



The Bank has put in place policies relating to management of various kinds of risk (eg: credit risk, market risk, operational risk, information security risk, subsidiary risk and asset-liability) for the domestic as well as overseas operations along with overseas subsidiaries as per the respective host regulatory requirements and business needs. The overseas policies are drawn based on the risk perceptions of these economies and the Bank's risk appetite.

Structure and Organisation

The Chief Risk Officer reports to the Managing Director and CEO. The Risk Management Committee of the Board oversees the functioning of the Department. The Department has separate teams for individual components of risk i.e. Credit Risk, Market Risk (including Treasury Mid Office), Operational Risk, Enterprise Risk, Risk Analytics, Risk Data Management and Information Security Risk. These teams report to the Chief Risk Officer.



IV. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk refers to the deterioration in the credit quality of the borrower or the counter-party adversely impacting the financial performance of the Bank. The losses incurred by the Bank in a credit transaction could be due to inability or wilful default of the borrower in honouring the financial commitments to the Bank. The Bank is exposed to credit risk through lending and capital market activities.

Credit Risk Management Policy

The Board of Directors establishes parameters for risk appetite which are defined through strategic businesses plan as well as the Corporate Credit Policy. Credit Risk Management Policy lays down the roles and responsibilities, risk appetite, key processes and reporting framework. Corporate credit is managed through rating of borrowers and the transaction, thorough due diligence through an appraisal process alongside risk vetting of individual exposures at origination and thorough periodic review (including portfolio review) after sanctioning. Retail credit to individuals and small business is managed through definition of product criteria, appropriate credit filters and subsequent portfolio monitoring.

Credit Rating System

The foundation of credit risk management rests on the internal rating system. Rating linked single borrower exposure norms, delegation of powers and review frequency have been adopted by the Bank. The Bank has developed rating tools specific to market segments such as large and mid-corporates, SME, financial companies, microfinance companies and project finance to objectively assess underlying risk associated with such exposures.

The credit rating model uses a combination of quantitative and qualitative inputs to arrive at a 'point-in-time' view of the risk profile of counterparty. Each internal rating grade corresponds to a distinct probability of default over one year. Expert scorecards are used for various SME schematic products and retail agriculture schemes. Statistical application and behavioural scorecards have been developed for all major retail portfolios.

The Bank recognises cash, central/state government, bank and corporate guarantees, exclusive mortgage of properties and lease rental securitisation for the purpose of credit enhancement to arrive at a facility rating.

Model validation is carried out annually by objectively assessing the discriminatory power, calibration accuracy and stability of ratings. The Bank has completed the estimation and validation of PD, LGD and CCF models for corporate and retail portfolios.

Credit Sanction and Related Processes

The guiding principles behind the credit sanction process are as under:

- 'Know Your Customer' is a leading principle for all activities.
- The acceptability of credit exposure is primarily based on the sustainability and adequacy of borrower's normal business operations and not based solely on the availability of security.

The Bank has put in place a hierarchical committee structure based on the size and rating of the exposures for credit sanction and review; with sanctioning authority rested with higher level committees for larger and lesser rated exposures. Committee of Directors (COD) is the topmost committee in the hierarchy which is a sub-committee of the Board.



Review and Monitoring

- All credit exposures, once approved, are monitored and reviewed periodically against the approved limits. Borrowers with lower credit rating are subject to more frequent reviews.
- Credit audit involves independent review of credit risk assessment, compliance with internal policies of the Bank and with the regulatory framework, compliance of sanction terms and conditions and effectiveness of loan administration.
- Customers with emerging credit problems are identified early and classified accordingly. Remedial action is initiated promptly to minimize the potential loss to the Bank.

Concentration Risk

The Bank manages concentration risk by means of appropriate structural limits and borrowerwise limits based on credit-worthiness. Credit concentration in the Bank's portfolios is monitored for the following:

- Large exposures to the individual clients or group: The Bank has individual borrowerwise exposure ceilings based on the internal rating of the borrower as well as groupwise borrowing limits which are continuously tracked and monitored.
- Concentration by Industry: Industry analysis plays an important part in assessing the concentration risk within the loan portfolio. Industries are classified into various categories based on factors such as demand-supply, input related risks, government policy stance towards the sector and financial strength of the sector in general. Such categorization is used in determining the expansion strategy for the particular industry.

Portfolio Management

Portfolio level risk analytics and reporting to senior management examines optimal spread of risk across various rating classes, undue risk concentration across any particular industry segments and delinquencies. Borrowers or portfolios are marked for early warning when signs of weakness or financial deterioration are envisaged in order that timely remedial actions may be initiated. In-depth sector specific studies are undertaken on portfolios vulnerable to extraneous shocks and the results are shared with the business departments. The Bank has a well-defined stress testing policy in place and periodic stress testing is undertaken on various portfolios to gauge the impact of stress situations on the health of portfolio, profitability and capital adequacy.

Retail lending portfolio is the blended mix of Consumer Lending and Retail Rural Lending Portfolios. Secured products (like mortgage, wheels business) commands a major share of the Consumer Lending Portfolio, as the Bank continues to grow the unsecured lending book (personal loans and credit card business) albeit with prudent underwriting practice. The Bank has developed a robust risk management framework at each stage of retail loan cycle i.e. loan acquisition, underwriting and collections.

Underwriting strategy relies on extensive usage of analytical scoring models which also takes inputs from bureau. The Bank uses 'Rules Engine' which helps customise business rules thereby aiding in faster decision making without compromising on the underlying risks. Senior Management takes note of movement and direction of risk reported through information published on structured dashboards.



Definitions and Classification of Non-Performing Assets

Advances are classified into performing and non-performing asset (NPAs) as per RBI guidelines.

A non-performing asset (NPA) is a loan or an advance where;

- Interest and/or installment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan,
- The account remains 'out-of-order' for a period of more than 90 days in respect of an Overdraft or Cash Credit (OD/CC),
- The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in case of bills purchased and discounted,
- A loan granted for short duration crops will be treated as an NPA if the installments of principal or interest thereon remain overdue for two crop seasons,
- A loan granted for long duration crops will be treated as an NPA if the installments of principal or interest thereon remain overdue for one crop season,
- In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.
- The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitisation transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitisation dated February 1, 2006.
- In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.
- In addition, an account may also be classified as NPA due to temporary deficiencies
 - a. The outstanding in the account based on drawing power calculated from stock statements older than three months, would be deemed as irregular. A working capital borrowal account will become NPA if such irregular drawings are permitted in the account for a continuous period of 90 days even though the unit may be working or the borrower's financial position is satisfactory.
 - b. An account where the regular/ ad hoc credit limits have not been reviewed/ renewed within 180 days from the due date/ date of ad hoc sanction will be treated as NPA.
- Further, the account may also be classified as NPA due to DCCO criteria as per para 4.2.15 Projects under implementation of Master circular on IRAC dated July 01, 2015.

NPAs are further classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets based on the criteria stipulated by RBI. A sub-standard asset is one, which has remained a NPA for a period less than or equal to 12 months. An asset is classified as doubtful if it has remained in the substandard category for a period of 12 months. A loss asset is one where loss has been identified by the Bank or internal or external auditors or during RBI inspection but the amount has not been written off fully.

Impairment of other assets

At each balance sheet date, the Bank ascertains if there is any impairment in its assets. If such impairment is detected, the Bank estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the profit and loss account.



CREDIT RISK EXPOSURES

Total Gross Credit Risk Exposure Including Geographic Distribution of Exposure – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

	Domestic (Outstanding)	Overseas (Outstanding)	Total
Fund Based	7,379,360	471,772	7,851,132
Non Fund Based *	1,113,241	31,412	1,144,653
Total	8,492,601	503,184	8,995,785

^{*} Non-fund based exposures are bank guarantees issued on behalf of constituents and acceptances and endorsements and other items for which the Bank is contingently liable.

Distribution of Credit Risk Exposure by Industry Sector – Position as on 30th September 2019

	Amount			
Industry Classification	Fund Based (Outstanding)	Non-Fund Based (Outstanding)		
Banking and Finance	723,670	128,596		
-of which Housing Finance Companies	137,059	3		
Infrastructure (excluding Power)	301,074	165,929		
-of which Roads and ports	98,268	30,007		
-of which Telecommunications	117,809	48,375		
Engineering	101,936	225,391		
Chemicals and Chemical products	223,864	87,902		
-of which Petro Chemicals	61,350	32,005		
-of which Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	71,841	14,165		
Trade	236,209	39,243		
Power Generation & Distribution	178,627	30,919		
NBFCs	187,752	9,259		
Iron and Steel	115,427	79,510		
Commercial Real Estate	170,618	14,343		
Petroleum, Coal Products and Nuclear Fuels	58,128	81,296		
Other metal and metal products	119,518	14,080		
Food Processing	89,825	6,884		
Textiles	87,920	5,987		
-of which Cotton Textiles	40,702	3,916		
Cement and Cement Products	67,509	17,251		
Construction	26,483	44,870		
Entertainment & Media	59,974	6,948		
Professional Services	60,710	3,314		
Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipment	49,079	9,878		
Shipping Transportation & Logistics	48,035	6,326		
Rubber, Plastic and their Products	43,897	8,827		
Computer Software	26,586	19,644		
Mining and Quarrying (incl. Coal)	24,417	4,307		
Edibile oils and Vanaspati	7,824	17,363		
Other Industries	270,288	46,656		



(₹ in millions)

	Amount		
Industry Classification	Fund Based (Outstanding)	Non-Fund Based (Outstanding)	
Residual Exposures	4,571,762	69,930	
-of which Other Assets	364,655	41,840	
-of which Banking Book Investments	1,048,770	-	
-of which Retail, Agriculture & Others*	3,158,337	28,090	
Total	7,851,132	1,144,653	

^{*} includes Cash and Balances with RBI

As on 30th September 2019, the Bank's exposure to the industries stated below was more than 5% of the total gross credit exposure (outstanding):

Sr. No.	Industry Classification	Percentage of the total gross credit exposure	
1.	Banking & Finance	9%	
2.	Infrastructure (Excluding Power)	5%	

Residual Contractual Maturity Breakdown of Assets – Position as on 30th September 2019⁽¹⁾

Maturity Bucket	Cash	Balances with RBI	Balances with other banks ⁽²⁾	Investments	Advances	Fixed Assets	Other assets
1day	64,739	1,61,828	60,467	3,04,453	44,867	ı	4,222
2 to 7 days	-	-	8,745	19,717	52,582	ı	15,005
8 to 14 days	-	10,526	12,466	46,490	54,459	ı	34,684
15 to 30 days	-	8,874	160	50,497	89,822	1	26,465
31 days to 2 months	-	7,325	458	58,317	1,23,430	-	35,237
Over 2 months and upto3 months	1	5,566	3,204	45,677	1,36,786	1	32,566
Over 3 months and upto 6 months	-	6,913	19,220	82,053	2,25,666	1	24,661
Over 6 months and upto 12 months	-	5,309	10,066	1,04,513	4,19,532	ı	39,715
Over 1 year and upto 3 years	1	6,703	872	1,40,881	11,17,817	107	1,35,353
Over 3 years and upto 5 years	-	1,698	-	86,544	6,34,753	-	75,769
Over 5 years	-	1,85,119	50	6,88,190	24,32,749	41,697	2,36,489
Total	64,739	3,99,861	1,15,708	16,27,332	53,32,463	41,804	6,60,166

^{1.} Intra-group adjustments are excluded

^{2.} Including money at call and short notice



Movement of NPAs (including NPIs) – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

	Particulars	Amount
	Amount of NPAs (Gross)	292,013
	- Substandard	71,276
	- Doubtful 1	45,217
A.	- Doubtful 2	118,012
	- Doubtful 3	29,334
	- Loss	28,174
В.	Net NPAs#	112,032
C.	NPA Ratios	
	- Gross NPAs (including NPIs) to gross advances (%)	5.32%
	- Net NPAs (including NPIs) to net advances (%)	2.10%
	Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
	- Opening balance as on 1st April 2019	298,282
D.	- Additions	98,718
	- Reductions	(104,987)
	- Closing balance as on 30 th September 2019	292,013

[#] Net of balance outstanding in interest capitalization-restructured NPA accounts

Movement of Specific & General Provision – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Movement of Provisions	Specific Provisions	General Provisions
- Opening balance as on 1st April 2019	183,772	32,109
- Provision made in 2019-20 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	55,448	1,889
- Write-offs/Write-back of excess provision	(59,718)	ı
- Closing balance as on 30 th September 2019	179,502	33,998

^{1.} Includes impact of specific provision of ₹ 634 million on account of exchange rate fluctuation

Details of write-offs and recoveries that have been booked directly to the income statement – for the half year ending 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Write-offs that have been booked directly to the income statement	1,388
Recoveries that have been booked directly to the income statement	5,161

NPIs and Movement of Provision for Depreciation on Investments – Position as on 30^{th} September 2019

		Amount
A.	Amount of Non-Performing Investments	29,147
В.	Amount of Provision held for Non-performing investments	19,170
	Movement of provision for depreciation on investments	
	- Opening balance as on 1st April 2019	4,920
C.	- Provision made in 2019-20	1,068
	- Write-offs/Write-back of excess provision	(614)
	- Closing balance as on 30 th September 2019	5,374

^{2.} Includes impact in exchange rate fluctuation of ₹88 million in general provisions



Breakup of NPA by major industries—Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

	Amount	
Particulars	Gross NPA	Specific Provision
Power Generation & Distribution	59,343	43,909
Infrastructure (excluding Power)	44,929	30,404
Commercial Real Estate	15,668	5,460
Trade	13,834	6,448
Engineering	11,639	8,254
Iron and Steel	9,431	6,647
Cement and Cement Products	9,231	6,255
Petroleum coal products and Nuclear fuels	7,794	1,968
Food Processing	7,044	4,354
Chemicals and Chemical products	5,471	2,779
Construction	4,546	4,150
Banking and Finance	735	614
Other metal and metal products	1,835	1,617
Retail, Agri & Other Industries	1,00,513	56,643
Total	2,92,013	1,79,502

Note: Specific provisions include NPA and restructured provisions

General provision in Top 5 industries amounts to ₹ 10,889 million.

Major industries breakup of specific provision and write-off's for the half year ending 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Industry	Provision	Write-offs
Specific Provision in Top 5 industries	23,814	25,680

Geography wise Distribution of NPA and Provision – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Geography	Gross NPA	Specific Provision	General Provision
Domestic	2,56,593	1,54,443	29,649
Overseas	35,420	25,059	4,349
Total	2,92,013	1,79,502	33,998

Credit Risk: Use of Rating Agency under the Standardised Approach

The RBI guidelines on capital adequacy require banks to use ratings assigned by specified External Credit Assessment Agencies (ECAIs) namely Brickworks, CARE, CRISIL, ICRA, India Ratings, Acuite Ratings and Infomerics for domestic counterparties and Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch for foreign counterparties.

The Bank is using issuer ratings and short-term and long-term instrument/bank facilities' ratings which are assigned by the accredited rating agencies viz. Brickworks, CARE, CRISIL, ICRA, India Ratings, Acuite Ratings and Infomerics published in the public domain to assign riskweights in terms of RBI guidelines. In respect of claims on non-resident corporates and foreign banks, ratings assigned by international rating agencies i.e. Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch is used. For exposures with contractual maturity of less than one year, a short-term rating is used. For cash credit facilities and exposures with contractual maturity of more than one year, long-term rating is used.

Issue rating is used if the Bank has an exposure in the rated issue and this would include fundbased and non-fund based working capital facilities as well as loans and investments. In



case the Bank does not have exposure in a rated issue, the Bank uses the issue rating for its comparable unrated exposures to the same borrower, provided that the Bank's exposures are pari-passu or senior and of similar or lesser maturity as compared to the rated issue. Structured Obligation (SO) ratings are used where the Bank has a direct exposure in the 'SO' rated issue. If an issuer has a long-term or short-term exposure with an external rating that warrants a risk weight of 150%, all unrated claims on the same counterparty, whether short-term or long-term, also receive 150% risk weight, unless the Bank uses recognised credit risk mitigation techniques for such claims.

Issuer ratings provide an opinion on the general credit worthiness of the rated entities in relation to their senior unsecured obligations. Therefore, issuer ratings are directly used to assign risk-weight to all unrated exposures of the same borrower.

Details of Gross Credit Risk Exposure (Fund based and Non-fund based) based on Risk-Weight – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Amount
Below 100% risk weight	6,125,129
100% risk weight	1,978,775
More than 100% risk weight	888,989
Deduction from capital funds	2,892

V. CREDIT RISK MITIGATION

The Bank uses various collaterals both financial as well as non-financial, guarantees and credit insurance as credit risk mitigants. The main financial collaterals include deposits with banks, National Savings Certificate/Kisan Vikas Patra/Life Insurance Policy and gold, while main non-financial collaterals include land and building, plant and machinery, residential and commercial mortgages. The guarantees include guarantees given by corporate, bank and personal guarantees. This also includes loans and advances guaranteed by Export Credit & Guarantee Corporation Limited (ECGC), Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Small Industries (CGTSI), Central Government and State Government.

The Bank reduces its credit exposure to counterparty with the value of eligible financial collateral to take account of the risk mitigating effect of the collateral. To account for the volatility in the value of collateral, haircut is applied based on the type, issuer, maturity, rating and re-margining/revaluation frequency of the collateral. The Bank revalues various financial collaterals at varied frequency depending on the type of collateral. The Bank has a valuation policy that covers processes for collateral valuation and empanelment of valuers.

Details of Total Credit Exposure (after on or off Balance Sheet Netting) as on 30th September 2019

	Amount
Covered by:	
- Eligible financial collaterals after application of haircuts	210,925
- Guarantees/credit derivatives	114,960



VI. SECURITISATION

The primary objectives for undertaking securitisation activity by the Bank are enhancing liquidity, optimisation of usage of capital and churning of the assets as part of risk management strategy.

The securitisation of assets generally being undertaken by the Bank is on the basis of 'True Sale', which provides 100% protection to the Bank from default. The Bank has not sponsored any special purpose vehicle which is required to be consolidated in the consolidated financial statements as per accounting norms.

The Bank may also invest in securitised instruments which offer attractive risk adjusted returns. The Bank enters into purchase/sale of corporate and retail loans through direct assignment/SPV. In most cases, post securitisation, the Bank continues to service the loans transferred to the assignee/SPV. The Bank, however, does not follow the originate to distribute model and pipeline and warehousing risk is not material to the Bank.

Valuation of securitised exposures is carried out in accordance with the Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association (FIMMDA)/RBI guidelines. Gain on securitisation is recognised over the period of the underlying securities issued by the SPV. Loss on securitisation is immediately debited to profit and loss account. The Bank also provides credit enhancement in the form of cash collaterals and/or by subordination of cash flows to senior pass through certificate holders. In respect of credit enhancements provided or recourse obligations (projected delinquencies, future servicing etc.) accepted by the Bank, appropriate provision/disclosure is made at the time of sale in accordance with AS-29 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets'.

The Bank follows the standardized approach prescribed by the RBI for the securitization activities. The Bank uses the ratings assigned by various external credit rating agencies viz. Brickworks, CARE, CRISIL, ICRA, India Ratings, Acuite Ratings and infomerics for its securitisation exposures.

All transfers of assets under securitisation were effected on true sale basis. However, in the half year ended 30th September 2019, the Bank has not securitized any asset.

A. Banking Book

Details of Exposure Securitised by the Bank and subject to Securitisation Framework

		(
Sr. No.	Type of Securitisation	
I	Total amount of exposures securitised	-
li	Losses recognised by the Bank during the current period	-
iii	Amount of assets intended to be securitised within a year	-
	Of which	
	- Amount of assets originated within a year before securitisation	=
iv	Amount of exposures securitised	
	- Corporate Loans	-
٧	Unrecognised gain or losses on sale	
	- Corporate Loans	-



Aggregate amount of Securitisation Exposures Retained or Purchased as on 30th September 2019 is given below

(₹ in millions)

Sr. No.	Type of Securitisation	On Balance Sheet	Off Balance Sheet
i	Retained	-	-
ii	Securities purchased	-	-
iii	Liquidity facility	-	-
iv	Credit enhancement (cash collateral)	-	-
V	Other commitments	-	-

Risk-weight wise Bucket Details of the Securitisation Exposures on the Basis of Book-Value

(₹ in millions)

	Amount	Capital charge
Below 100% risk weight	-	-
100% risk weight	-	-
More than 100% risk weight		-
Deductions		
- Entirely from Tier I capital	=	=
- Credit enhancing I/Os deducted from total capital	-	-
- Credit enhancement (cash collateral)	-	-

B. Trading Book

Details of Exposure Securitised by the Bank and subject to Securitisation Framework

(₹ in millions)

Sr. No.	Type of Securitisation	Amount
i	Aggregate amount of exposures securitised by the Bank for which the Bank has retained some exposures and which is subject to the market risk approach	-

Aggregate amount of Securitisation Exposures Retained or Purchased as on 30th September 2019 is given below

	·	(11111111110113)	
Sr. No.	Type of Securitisation	On Balance Sheet*	Off Balance Sheet
I	Retained	-	-
ii	Securities purchased	15,356	-
	-Corporate Loans	-	-
	- Lease Rental	1,514	-
	- Priority Sector (auto pool & micro finance)	13,842	-
iii	Liquidity facility	-	-
iv	Credit enhancement (cash collateral)	-	-
V	Other commitments	-	_

^{*} includes outstanding balance of PTCs purchased in earlier years also



Risk-weight wise Bucket Details of the Securitisation Exposures on the Basis of Book-Value

(₹ in millions)

		Amount	Capital charge
i	Exposures subject to Comprehensive Risk Measure for specific risk	-	-
	- Retained	-	=
	- Securities purchased	-	-
ii	Exposures subject to the securitisation framework for specific risk	15,356	414
	Below 100% risk weight	15,356	414
	100% risk weight	-	=
	More than 100% risk weight	-	-
iii	Deductions	-	-
	- Entirely from Tier I capital	-	=
	- Credit enhancing I/Os deducted from Total Capital	-	-
	- Credit enhancement (cash collateral)	=	-

VII. MARKET RISK IN TRADING BOOK

Market risk is the risk of loss to the Bank's earnings and capital due to changes in the market level of interest rates, price of securities, foreign exchange rates and equities' price, as well as volatility risk in the option book. The Bank is exposed to market risk through its investment activities and also trading activities, which are undertaken for customers as well as on a proprietary basis. The Bank adopts a comprehensive approach to market risk management for its trading, investment and asset/liability portfolios. For market risk management, the Bank has:

- Board approved market risk policies and guidelines which are aligned to the regulatory guidelines and based on experiences gained over the years. The policies are reviewed periodically keeping in view regulatory changes, business requirements and market developments.
- Process manual which are updated regularly to incorporate and document the best practices.
- Market risk identification through elaborate mapping of the Bank's main businesses to various market risks.
- Statistical measures like Value at Risk (VaR), supplemented by stress tests, back tests and scenario analysis.
- Put in place non-statistical measures/limits on positions, gaps, stop loss, duration and option Greeks etc.
- Management Information System (MIS) for timely market risk reporting to senior management functionaries. Key risk metrics are presented to the Risk Management Committee of the Board through Risk Dash-Boards.

Risk limits such as position limits, stop-loss limits, alarm limits, gaps and sensitivities (duration, PVBP, option Greeks) are set up and reviewed periodically, based on a number of criteria including regulatory guidelines, relevant market analysis, business strategy, size of the investment and trading portfolio, management experience and the Bank's risk appetite. These limits are monitored on an intra-day/daily basis by the Treasury Mid-office and the exceptions are put up to ALCO and Risk Management Committee of the Board.

The Bank uses Historical Simulation and its variants for computing VaR for its trading portfolio. VaR is calculated and reported on a daily basis for the trading portfolios at a 99% confidence level for a one-day holding period, using 250 days of historical data or one year of relative changes in historical rates and prices. The model assumes that the risk factor changes observed in the past are a good estimate of those likely to occur in the future and



is, therefore, limited by the relevance of the historical data used. The method, however, does not make any assumption about the nature or type of the loss distribution. The VaR models for different portfolios are back-tested at regular intervals and the results are used to maintain and improve the efficacy of the model.

The VaR measure is supplemented by a series of stress tests and sensitivity analysis that estimates the likely behaviour of a portfolio under extreme but plausible conditions and its impact on earnings and capital. The Bank undertakes stress tests for market risks for its trading book, IRS, forex open position and forex gaps on a monthly basis as well as for liquidity risk at the end of each quarter. The Bank has built its capabilities to migrate to advanced approach i.e. Internal Models Approach for assessment of market risk capital.

Concentration Risk

The Bank has allocated the internal risk limits in order to avoid concentrations, wherever relevant. For example, Aggregate Gap Limit, Net Open Position, daylight limits allocated across various currencies and Individual Gap Limits across currencies and maturities. Tenor wise duration limits have been set up for different categories within a portfolio. Issuer wise concentration limits are introduced in case of security portfolio. Within the overall PV01 limit, a sub-limit is set up which is not expected to be breached by trades linked to any individual portfolio. Some of the limits like currency wise net open position, stop loss limits and PV01 limits are allocated dealer-wise also, based on their skill and experience, to avoid build up of positions in a single dealer's book.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk means a Bank's inability to meet its current or future obligations on the due date. Liquidity risk is two-dimensional viz., risk of being unable to fund portfolio of assets at appropriate maturity and rates (liability dimension) and the risk of being unable to liquidate an asset in a timely manner at a reasonable price (asset dimension).

The goal of Liquidity Risk Management is to meet all commitments on the due date and also be able to fund new investment opportunities by raising sufficient funds in the form of increasing fresh liabilities or by expeditious asset sell-off without incurring unacceptable losses, both under normal and adverse conditions. These objectives are ensured by setting up policies, operational level committees, measurement tools and monitoring and reporting mechanism using effective use of IT systems for availability of quality data.

The Bank manages its liquidity on a static as well as dynamic basis using various tools such as gap analysis, ratio analysis, dynamic liquidity statements, intraday liquidity monitoring tools and scenario analysis. The Bank's ALM policy defines the tolerance limits for its structural liquidity position. The Liquidity Policy for the domestic operations as well as for the overseas branches lay down the operational framework for prudent risk management in the Bank. The liquidity profile of the Bank is analysed on a static basis by tracking all cash inflows and outflows in the maturity ladder based on the actual maturity and expected occurrence predicted through behavioral analysis - (for non-maturity items) of cash flows. The liquidity profile of the Bank is also estimated on a dynamic basis by considering the growth in deposits and loans, investment obligations, etc. for a short-term period of three months. The Bank undertakes behavioral analysis of the non-maturity products viz. savings and current deposits and cash credit/overdraft accounts on a periodic basis, to ascertain the volatility of residual balances in those accounts. The renewal pattern and premature withdrawals of term deposits and drawdown of unavailed credit limits are also captured through behavioral studies. The concentration of large deposits is monitored on a periodic basis.

The Bank's ability to meet its obligations and fund itself in a crisis scenario is critical and accordingly, liquidity stress tests are conducted under different scenarios at periodical intervals to assess the impact on liquidity to withstand stressed conditions. The liquidity positions of overseas branches are managed in line with the Bank's internal policies and host



country regulations. Such positions are also reviewed centrally by the Bank's ALCO along with domestic positions.

The Bank has adopted the Basel III framework on liquidity standards as prescribed by RBI and has put in place requisite systems and processes to enable daily computation and reporting of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR).

Counterparty Risk

The Bank has a Counterparty Risk Management Policy incorporating well laid-down guidelines, processes and measures for counterparty risk management. The policy includes separate counterparty rating models for domestic scheduled commercial banks, foreign banks, primary dealers, co-operative banks, small finance banks and payment banks for determining maximum permissible exposure limits for counterparties. The key financials, quality of management and the level of corporate governance are captured in the counterparty rating model. Counterparty limits are monitored and reported daily and internal triggers have been put in place to guard against breach in limits. Credit exposures to issuer of bonds, advances etc. are also monitored separately under the prudential norms for exposure to a single borrower as per the Bank's Corporate Credit Risk Policy or Investment Policy, as applicable. The counterparty exposure limits are reviewed at periodic intervals based on the financials of the counterparties, business need, past transaction experiences and market conditions. The Bank has also put in place the 'Customer Suitability & Appropriateness Policy for Derivative Products to guard against mis-selling. The corporate credit policy of the bank evaluates counterparty risk arising out of all customer derivatives contracts.

Country Risk

The Bank has a country risk management policy containing the guidelines, systems and processes to effectively identify, assess, monitor and control its country risk exposures. Based on the risk profiling, countries are classified under seven categories i.e. insignificant, low, moderate, high, very high, restricted and off-credit. Risk profiling is based on the ratings provided by Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Ltd. (ECGC), Dun & Bradstreet, Standard & Poor's Banking Industry Country Risk Assessment (BICRA), inputs received from overseas branches/business departments, reports published by various agencies viz. Moody's, Standard & Poor's, Fitch and other publications of repute. The categorisation of countries is reviewed at quarterly intervals or at more frequent intervals if situations so warrant. An exposure to a country comprises all assets, both funded and non-funded, that represents claims on residents of another country. The Bank has in place both category wise and country wise exposure limits. The Bank monitors country risk exposures through a process of trigger limits as well as prior approval system for select categories viz. high, very high, restricted and off-credit to ensure effective monitoring and management of exposures. As a proactive measure of country risk management, Risk department issues 'Rating Watch' from time to time. Further, based on country-specific developments, the concerned business departments are provided updates on countries which have high probability of a rating downgrade.

Risk Management Framework for Overseas Operations

The Bank has put in place separate risk management policies for each of its overseas branches in Singapore, Hong Kong, Dubai, Colombo, Shanghai and GIFT city branch (International Banking Unit). These country-specific risk policies are based on the host country regulators' guidelines and in line with the practices followed for the Indian operations. The Asset Liability Management and all the risk exposures for the overseas operations are monitored centrally at the Central Office.



Capital Requirement for Market Risk – Position as on 30th September 2019

(₹ in millions)

Туре	Amount of Capital Required
Interest rate risk	23,534
Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	968
Equity position risk	7,498

VIII. OPERATIONAL RISK

Strategies and Processes

Operational Risk (OR) is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. The operational risk management policy documents the Bank's approach towards management of operational risk and defines the roles and responsibilities of the various stakeholders within the Bank and framework for 'identification, assessment, monitoring and mitigation of risk. The Bank also has a detailed framework for operational risk loss data collection, risk and control self-assessment and key risk indicators.

Based on the above policy the Bank has initiated several measures to manage operational risk. The Bank has put in place a hierarchical structure to effectively manage operational risk through the formation of several internal committees viz., Operational Risk Management Committee, Product Management Committee, Change Management Committee, Central Outsourcing Committee, Business Continuity Planning & Management Committee (BCPMC) and Information Security Systems Committee (ISSC).

Structure and Organisation

The Risk Management Committee (RMC) of the Board at the apex level is the policy making body. The RMC is supported by the Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC), consisting of Senior Management personnel, which is responsible for implementation of the Operational Risk policies of the Bank. This internal committee oversees the implementation of the OR framework and oversees the management of operational risks across the Bank. A dedicated operational risk management unit ensures management of operational risk. A representative of the Risk Department is also a permanent member of control committees on product management covering approval of new products, change management of processes, outsourcing, business continuity management and information security.

Scope and Nature of Operational Risk Reporting and Measurement Systems

A systematic process for reporting risks, losses and non-compliance issues relating to operational risks has been developed and implemented. The information gathered is being used to develop triggers to initiate corrective actions to improve controls. Critical risks and major loss events are reported to the Senior Management/ORMC.

The Bank has further enhanced its capability for effective management of operational risk with the implementation of an Enterprise Governance Risk and Compliance platform (SAS-EGRC). The IT platform acts as the single repository of processes and operational, compliance and financial reporting risks. It facilitates capturing of individual risks and the effectiveness of their controls, tagging of identified risks to processes and products, originates action plans and acts as a repository of all operational risk events.



Policies for Hedging and Mitigating Operational risk

An Operational Risk Management Policy approved by the Risk Management Committee of the Board details the framework for managing and monitoring operational risk in the Bank. Business units put in place basic internal controls as approved by the Product Management Committee to ensure appropriate controls in the operating environment throughout the Bank. As per the policy, all new products are being vetted by the Product Management Committee to identify and assess potential operational risks involved and suggest control measures to mitigate the risks. Each new product or service introduced is subject to a risk review and sign-off process. Similarly, any changes to the existing products/processes are being vetted by the Change Management Committee.

Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) have been developed for various Business Units of the Bank for effective monitoring of key operational risks. KRIs for the branches has also been launched as a new initiative to help branches to manage operational risk better.

The Bank has adopted BCP and IT Disaster Recovery Policy wherein critical activities and system applications have been defined, recovery plan is in place for these critical activities and system applications to ensure timely recovery of the Bank's critical products and services in the event of an emergency.

Regular tests have been carried out to ascertain BCP preparedness. The test reports are shared with senior management on a regular frequency. Business Continuity Planning & Management Committee (BCPMC) has been formed comprising of senior functionaries of the Bank, which monitors BCM framework implementation in the Bank.

Approach for Operational Risk Capital Assessment

As per the RBI guidelines, the Bank has followed the Basic Indicator Approach for computing the capital for operational risk for the half year ending 30th September 2019.

IX. INTEREST RATE RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK (IRRBB)

Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book is measured and monitored in accordance with the guidelines laid out in the Bank's Asset Liability Management (ALM) Policy which is based on the RBI "Guidelines on Banks' Asset Liability Management Framework – Interest Rate Risk" dated 4th November 2010. Interest Rate Risk is measured in terms of changes in the value of interest rate sensitive positions across the whole bank i.e. both in the banking and trading books as described below.

The Bank measures and controls interest risk in the banking book using both Earnings at Risk (EaR) which assesses the sensitivity of its net interest income to parallel movement in interest rates over the 1 year horizon as well as Market Value of its Equity (MVE) which measures the sensitivity of the present value of all assets and liabilities to interest rate risk in response to given interest rate movements. The Bank prepares Interest Rate Sensitivity reports which are reviewed against Regulatory and Internal limits. Internal limits have been established for (a) Earnings at Risk for a 100 bps parallel shift in interest rates over the horizon of 1 year, and (b) 200 bps parallel shift in interest rates for Market Value of Equity impact. Any review of the internal interest rate risk limits is approved by the ALCO and is ratified by the Risk Management Committee of the Board.

Bucketing of non-maturity liability items for interest rate risk measurement is based on the behavioral analysis methodology for identification of core and non-core components. Bucketing rules of core and non-core portions in the interest rate sensitivity statements are laid out in the ALM policy. The Bank does not use any assumptions for prepayment of loans for preparation of interest rate risk sensitivity reports.



The findings of the various IRRBB measures are submitted to the ALCO, the committee for providing strategic guidance and direction for the ALM measures.

Details of increase/(decrease) in earnings and economic value for upward and downward rate shocks based on balance sheet as on 30th September 2019 are given below:

Earnings Perspective

(₹ in millions)

Currency	Interest Rate Shock	
Currency	+200bps	-200bps
INR	18,759	(18,759)
USD	(75)	75
Residual	283	(283)
Total	18,967	(18,967)

Economic Value Perspective

(₹ in millions)

Currency	Interest Ra	te Shock
Currency	+200bps	-200bps
INR	(30,455)	30,455
USD	(2,422)	2,422
Residual	827	(827)
Total	(32,050)	32,050

Note: Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book is computed only for banks/bank like entities where the inherent business is maturity transformation of assets and liabilities, thereby resulting in interest rate mismatch. Other subsidiaries whose core business is not banking activity, IRRBB need not be computed.

X. EXPOSURES RELATED TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

Counterparty credit limits and exposures are monitored daily and internal triggers are put in place to guard against breach in limits. Credit exposures to issuer of bonds, advances etc. are monitored separately under the prudential norms for exposure to a single borrower as per the Bank's Corporate Credit Risk Policy or Investment Policy, as applicable. The counterparty exposure limits are reviewed at periodic intervals.

Methodology used to assign economic capital and credit limits for counterparty credit exposures

The Bank currently does not assign economic capital for its counterparty credit exposures. The Bank has adopted a methodology of computing economic capital within the framework of Individual Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and assesses the economic capital requirement within this framework. The Bank is adequately capitalized in terms of projected growth for the next three years and has sufficient capital buffer to account for Pillar II risks.

Policies for securing collateral and establishing credit reserves

The Bank has a policy framework through its Credit Risk Management policy and Collateral Management Policy which stipulates the eligible credit risk mitigants and management thereof. The Bank has adopted the Comprehensive Approach as suggested by RBI, which allows fuller offset of collateral against exposures, by effectively reducing the exposure



amount by the value ascribed to the collateral. Under this approach, the Bank takes eligible financial collateral on an account-by-account basis, to reduce the credit exposure to counterparty while calculating the capital requirements to take account of the risk mitigating effect of the collateral. The Bank also has a well-defined NPA management & recovery policy for establishing credit reserves on a prudential basis apart from being in consonance with the regulatory guidelines.

Policies with respect to wrong-way risk exposures

Wrong way risk associated with counterparty credit exposures can be of two types – General i.e. when the PD of counterparties is positively correlated with general market risk factors and Specific i.e. when the exposure to a particular counterparty and the PD of the counterparty providing credit risk mitigation for the exposure are highly correlated. The Bank currently does not have a complete policy framework to address the wrong way risk. In the interim, the general wrong way risk is taken care of through monitoring of concentration of counterparty credit exposures on account of derivatives. Also as per the credit risk management policy, collaterals whose values have a material positive correlation with the credit quality of the borrower is likely to provide little or no credit protection during stress, are not recognized for credit enhancement, thus mitigating any specific wrong way risk.

Impact of the amount of collateral the Bank would have to provide given a credit rating downgrade

The Bank currently assesses the liquidity impact and related costs of a possible downgrade as part of the bank-wide stress testing exercise. The Bank has already adopted Credit Value Adjustment (CVA) based on the regulatory guidelines on the asset side for capital computation purposes. The current regulatory guidelines do not require estimation of changes in collateral requirement in case of a likely rating downgrade of a Bank and the Bank also does not make such an assessment currently. However, the Bank is in the process of developing an internal methodology to estimate the changes in liabilities to counterparties in the event of its rating downgrade.

Quantitative Disclosures

Particulars	IRS/CCS/FRA/FUTURES	Options
Gross Positive Fair Value of Contracts	80,215	5,835
Netting Benefits	-	-
Netted Current Credit Exposure	80,215	5,835
Collateral held (e.g. Cash, G-sec, etc.)	-	-
Net Derivatives Credit Exposure	80,215	5,835
Exposure amount (under CEM)	239,019	13,536
Notional value of Credit Derivative hedges	-	-
Credit derivative transactions that create exposures to CCR	-	-



XI. COMPOSITION OF CAPITAL

Sr.No. Particulars Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves	• • •			(₹ in millions)
Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share promium) Programming	Sr.No.		Amount	Reterence No.
Retained earnings A 1,10,3504 Retained earnings A 1,13,524 Retained earnings Common Sarc capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-point stock companies) Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments Common Equity Tier 1 capital regulatory adjustments Retained to retain the common Equity Tier 1 capital regulatory adjustments Recordwill (net of related tax liability) Reciprocal of provisions to expected losses Securitisation gain on sale Securitisation gain on sale Securitisation gain on sale Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity Investments in whe shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet) Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital (amount above 10% threshold) Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital (amount above 10% threshold) Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 1				
2 Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves) Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies) 5 Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1) 6 Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments 7 Prudential valuation adjustments 8,29,800 Common Equity Tier 1 capital isregulatory adjustments 7 Prudential valuation adjustments 8 Goodwill (neat or related tax liability) 9 Intangibles (net of related tax liability) 10 Deferred tax assests 11 Cash-flow hedge reserve 12 Sportfall of provisions to expected losses 13 Securitisation gain on sale 14 Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 15 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets 16 Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet) 17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 18 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold) 22 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 3 of which: investments in the equity capital of me unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 4 of which: Investments in the equity capital of me unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 5 of which: Investments in the equity capital of me unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 6 of wh	1		4,16,356	A1 + A2
Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non- ionit stock companies)	2		4,13,524	_
Joint stock companies Joint stock companies Joint stock companies Scandard Joint stock companies Joint st	3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)		
Second S	4			
Prudential valuation adjustments Roodwill (net of related tax liability) Roo	5			
Prudential valuation adjustments Roodwill (net of related tax liability) Roo	6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	8,29,880	
7 Prudential valuation adjustments 8 Goodwill (net of related tax liability) 9 Intangibles (net of related tax liability) 10 Deferred tax assets 11 Cash-flow hedge reserve 12 Shortfall of provisions to expected losses 13 Securifisation gain on sale 14 Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 15 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets 16 Investments in own shares (if not afready netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet) 17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 18 Reprocal cross-holdings in common equity 19 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 10 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 10 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 11 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 12 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 13 Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 10 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 11 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences(amount above 10% threshold) 12 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 13 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 14 of which: mortgage servicing rights 15 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 15 National specific regulatory adjustments to feature the unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries 16 of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries 17 Of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank 18 of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial entiti			· ·	
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Intangibles (net of related tax liability)				B8
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17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16			
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Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) C1	28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	4,438	
Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) C1	29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET 1)	8,25,442	
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (share premium) (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) C1				
of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) C1	30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus	70,000	
of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) 70,000 C1	31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual		
	32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	70,000	C1
	33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1		





Sr.No.	Particulars	Amount	Reference No.
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)		
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	70,000	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments		
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	296	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)		
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)		
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)		
41a	Of which: Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		
41b	Of which: Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	296	
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	69,704	
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44)	8,95,146	
40	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions	4.45.000	00
46 47	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	1,15,800 28,700	C2 C2
47		20,700	02
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)		
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
50	Provisions	39,998	D1+D2+D3
51			DITUZTUS
	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1,84,498	D1+D2+D3
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		D1+D2+D3
52	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	1,84,498	DIFDZFDS
52 53 54	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		DIFDZTDS
53 54 55	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	1,84,498	DITDZTDS
53 54 55 56	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)	1,84,498	DIFDZTDS
53 54 55	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,84,498	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	1,84,498	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	30	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (T2)	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468	DITDZTDS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (TC) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468 10,79,614	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (TC) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60 60a	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (T2) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets	30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984 49,80,041	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60 60a 60b	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (T2) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984 49,80,041 3,555,559	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60 60a	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (TC) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets	30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984 49,80,041	DITUZTUS
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60 60a 60b 60c	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (T2) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets of which: total operational risk weighted assets	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984 49,80,041 3,55,559 5,86,384	
53 54 55 56 56a 56b 57 58 59 60 60a 60b	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital Tier 2 capital (TC) Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c) Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets	30 1,84,498 30 1,84,468 10,79,614 59,21,984 49,80,041 3,555,559	





Sr.No.	Particulars	Amount	Reference No.
64	Institution specific buffer requirement(minimumCET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.38%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	1.88%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement		
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement		
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	6.24%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	5.50%	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	7.00%	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	9.00%	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	38,955	
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities		
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	56,083	
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	33,998	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	62,251	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	NA	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	NA	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangement		
	(only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)		İ
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	34,716	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	

^{*} NA – Not Applicable

Notes to the Template

Row	Particular	Rs in millions
No.		
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated losses) net of	
	Deferred tax liability	
	Total as indicated in row 10	
	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully from capital and	
19	instead considered under 10% threshold for deduction, the resultant increase in	
	the capital of the bank	
	of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries	
200	are not deducted and hence, risk weighted then:	
	(i)Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	
	(ii)Increase in risk weighted assets	
50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	33,998
	Eligible Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	6,000
	Total of row 50	39,998



XII. THE RECONCILIATION OF REGULATORY CAPITAL ITEMS

(₹ in millions) Step 1 **Balance sheet Balance** sheet under Sr. **Particulars** as in financial regulatory No. statements scope of consolidation Capital and Liabilities 5,638 5,638 Paid-up Capital 8,44,057 8,44,057 Reserves & Surplus Minority Interest 896 896 Total Capital 8,50,591 8,50,591 **Deposits** 58,63,155 58,63,155 of which: Deposits from banks 2,88,004 2,88,004 of which: Customer deposits 55,75,151 55,75,151 Borrowings 11,63,962 11,63,962 i. Borrowings in India 6,97,061 6,97,061 (a) From RBI Ш (b) From banks 29.511 29,511 (c) From other institutions & agencies 6,67,550 6,67,550 ii. Borrowings Outside India 4,66,901 4,66,901 of which: Capital Instruments 2,45,050 2,45,050 IV Other liabilities & provisions 3,35,059 3,35,059 **Total** 82,12,767 82,12,767 B Assets Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India 4,64,600 4,64,600 Balance with banks and money at call and short notice 1,12,041 1,12,041 Investments 16,04,404 16,04,404 of which: 12,39,099 12,39,099 Government securities Ш Shares 7,817 7,817 Debentures & Bonds 2,99,974 2,99,974 Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates 57,514 Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.) 57,514 Loans and advances 53,28,732 53,28,732 IV Fixed assets 41,642 41,642 Other assets 6,61,348 6,61,348 of which: Goodwill and intangible assets Deferred tax assets (Net) 56,083 56,083 VI Goodwill on consolidation 2,892 2,892 VII Debit balance in Profit & Loss account **Total Assets** 82,12,767 82,12,767



Step 2 (₹ in millions)

siep			•	illions)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Balance sheet as in financial statements	Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation	Refere nce No.
Α	Capital and Liabilities			
	Paid-up Capital	5,638	5,638	A1
	Reserves & Surplus	8,44,057	8,44,057	ΛΙ
		0,44,037	0,44,037	
	of which:	1.07.451	1.07.451	D.1
	Statutory Reserve	1,27,451	1,27,451	B1
	Share Premium	4,10,718	4,10,718	
	Investment Fluctutation Reserve (IFR)	6,000	6,000	
	General Reserve	4,041	4,041	
	Capital Reserve	20,924	20,924	В3
	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	2,169	2,169	
I	of which: considered under capital funds	-	1,627	B4
	Reserve Fund	1,778	1,778	
	Balance in Profit/Loss A/c	2,70,976	2,70,976	
	of which: Unallocated Surplus	2,58,577	2,58,577	
	of which: Operating loss	874	874	
	of which: Operating 1033 of which: Current year profit not reckoned for capital			
	adequacy	13,273	13,273	
	Minority Interest	896	896	
		070	070	
	of which: amount eligible for CET 1	0.50.501	0.50.501	
	Total Capital	8,50,591		
	Deposits	58,63,155	58,63,155	
II	of which:			
	Deposits from banks	2,88,004		
	Customer deposits	55,75,151	55,75,151	
	Borrowings	11,63,962	11,63,962	
	i. Borrowings in India	6,97,061	6,97,061	
	(a) From RBI	-	-	
	(b) From banks	29,511	29,511	
Ш	(c) From other institutions & agencies	6,67,550	6,67,550	
""	ii. Borrowings Outside India	4,66,901	4,66,901	
	of which: Capital Instruments	2,45,050	2,45,050	
	of which:			
	(a) Eligible AT1 capital		70,000	C1
	(b) Eligible Tier 2 capital		1,44,500	
	Other liabilities & provisions	3,35,059	3,35,059	
	of which:	σησογουν	3,00,001	
IV	Provision for Standard Advances	32,661	32,661	D1
	Provision for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	1,337	1,337	
	Total	82,12,767	82,12,767	
В	Assets	02,12,707	02,12,707	
	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	4,64,600	4,64,600	
I	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	1,12,041	1,12,041	
	Investments			
		16,04,404	16,04,404	
	of which:	10.00.000	10.00.000	
	Government securities	12,39,099	12,39,099	
II	Shares	7,817	7,817	
	Debentures & Bonds	2,99,974	2,99,974	
	Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	-	-	
	Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	57,514		
III	Loans and advances	53,28,732	53,28,732	
IV	Fixed assets	41,642	41,642	
	Other assets	6,61,348	6,61,348	
v	of which:			
	Goodwill and intangible assets			
	Deferred tax assets (Net)	56,083	56,083	
VI	Goodwill on consolidation	2,892	2,892	В8
VII	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account			
	Total Assets	82,12,767	82,12,767	
_		<u></u>		· -



XIII. MAIN FEATURES OF REGULATORY CAPITAL AS ON 30th SEPTEMBER 2019

The main features of equity capital are given below:

1 Issuer Axis Bank Ltd. 2 Unique identifier ISIN: INE238A01026 3 Governing law(s) of the instrument Indian Laws **Regulatory treatment** 4 Transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 5 Past-transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 6 Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo Solo & Group 7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) 9 Par value of instrument ₹2 per share 10 Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity 11 Original date of issuance Various* 12 Perpetual or dated Perpetual 13 Original maturity date No Maturity 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Application Amount (all date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA **Coupons / dividends** 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary. partially discretionary or mandatory Fully Discretionary 21 Existence of sep up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative NA 23 Convertible or non-convertible NA 24 If convertible, conversion triager(s) NA 25 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 26 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 30 Write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 31 If write-down, permanent or temporary NA 33 If write-down, permanent or temporary NA	Sr. No.	Particulars	Equity
Soverning law(s) of the instrument Indian Laws Regulatory freatment	1	Issuer	Axis Bank Ltd.
Regulatory treatment 4 Transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 5 Post-transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 6 Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo Solo & Group 7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) ₹5,638 million 9 Par value of instrument ₹2 per share 10 Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity 11 Original date of issuance Various* 12 Perpetual No Maturity 13 Original maturity date No Maturity 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupons / dividends NA 19 Existence of a dividend stapper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	2	Unique identifier	ISIN: INE238A01026
4 Transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 5 Post-transitional Basel III rules Common Equity Tier I 6 Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo 7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) 9 Par value of instrument 10 Accounting classification 11 Original date of issuance 12 Perpetual or dated 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupons / dividends 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 10 No 11 Existence of a dividend stopper 11 Original maturity date 12 Perpetual or Accountingent call dates and redemption amount 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 No 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupons / dividends 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative 23 Convertible, or non-convertible NA 24 If convertible, conversion rate NA 25 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 26 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 27 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 30 Write-down, write-down frigger(s) NA 31 If write-down, write-down frigger(s) NA	3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
5 Post-transitional Basel III rules 6 Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo 7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) 9 Par value of instrument 10 Accounting classification 11 Original date of issuance 12 Perpetual or dated 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 August and the floating and the floating dates and redemption amount 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupons / dividends 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 10 Accounting dividend/coupon 11 No 12 Perpetual 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Amount 16 Subsequent call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupons / dividends 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 19 No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem 22 Non-cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) 25 If convertible, conversion rate 26 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 27 If convertible, paperify instrument type convertible into 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 30 Write-down, write-down trigger(s) 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 32 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 33 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 34 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 35 NA		Regulatory treatment	
6 Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo 7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) 9 Par value of instrument 10 Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity 11 Original date of issuance Various* 12 Perpetual or dated Perpetual 13 Original maturity date No Maturity 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA Coupons / dividends 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fully Discretionary 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative NA 23 Convertible, conversion rate NA 24 If convertible, fully or partially for convertible into NA 25 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 26 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 27 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 30 Write-down feature NA 31 If write-down, full or partiall	4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier I
7 Instrument type Common Shares 8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) ₹5,638 million 9 Par value of instrument ₹2 per share 10 Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity 11 Original date of issuance Various* 12 Perpetual or dated Perpetual 13 Original maturity date No Maturity 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA Coupons / dividends NA 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fully Discretionary 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-Cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible NA 24 If conv	5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier I
8 Amount recognised in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date) 9 Par value of instrument 10 Accounting classification 11 Original date of issuance 12 Perpetual or dated 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupons / dividends 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 10 Non-cumulative or cumulative 11 Non-cumulative or cumulative 12 Non-cumulative or cumulative 13 Optional call dates, if applicable 14 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 15 NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupon rate and any related index 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 10 No 11 No 120 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 11 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem 10 Non-cumulative or cumulative 11 Non-cumulative or cumulative 12 Convertible or non-convertible 13 Convertible, conversion trigger(s) 14 If convertible, fully or partially 15 NA 16 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 16 NA 17 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 17 Na 18 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 18 Na 19 If write-down, full or partiall 19 Na 10 If write-down, full or partiall	6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
reporting date) Par value of instrument Accounting classification Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity Original date of issuance Perpetual Original maturity date Subsequent call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend/coupon Ro Coupon rate and any related index Ro Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem Non-cumulative or cumulative Convertible or non-convertible If convertible, conversion rate If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA Write-down full or partial Various* Perpetual No Maturity No Maturity No Maturity No No No No No No No No No N	7	Instrument type	Common Shares
10 Accounting classification Shareholder's Equity 11 Original date of issuance Various* 12 Perpetual or dated Perpetual 13 Original maturity date No Maturity 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA Coupons / dividends 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fully Discretionary 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative NA 23 Convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA 24 If convertible, fully or partially NA 25 If convertible, conversion rate NA 27 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Withe-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 31 If write-down, full or partial	8		₹5,638 million
11 Original date of issuance 12 Perpetual or dated 13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupon rate and any related index 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative 23 Convertible, conversion trigger(s) 24 If convertible, fully or partially 25 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 26 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 27 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 28 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 30 Write-down, write-down trigger(s) 31 If write-down, full or partial	9	Par value of instrument	₹2 per share
Perpetual or dated Perpetual Perpetual Original maturity date No Maturity Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA Coupon rate and any related index Perpetual NA NA NA NA Resistence of a dividend stopper No Pully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Convertible or non-convertible NA If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	10	Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity
13 Original maturity date 14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable 17 Fixed or floating dividends 18 Coupons / dividends 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) 25 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 26 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 27 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 30 Write-down feature 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 32 If write-down, full or partial	11	Original date of issuance	Various*
14 Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval No 15 Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount NA 16 Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA Coupons / dividends NA 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA 18 Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Fully Discretionary 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-Cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible NA 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA 25 If convertible, fully or partially NA 26 If convertible, conversion rate NA 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down, feature NO 31		'	Perpetual
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Subsequent call dates, if applicable NA Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA Coupon rate and any related index NA Pexistence of a dividend stopper No Pully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-cumulative or non-convertible If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA If convertible, conversion rate NA If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA Write-down feature NA If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N			No Maturity
amount Subsequent call dates, if applicable Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend/coupon NA Coupon rate and any related index NA Pexistence of a dividend stopper No Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-cumulative or non-convertible If convertible, conversion trigger(s) If convertible, fully or partially If convertible, conversion rate NA If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA Write-down feature NA If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	14		No
Coupons / dividends 17 Fixed or floating dividend/coupon 18 Coupon rate and any related index 19 Existence of a dividend stopper 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) 25 If convertible, fully or partially 26 If convertible, conversion rate 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA Write-down feature NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	15	·	NA
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon RA Coupon rate and any related index NA Existence of a dividend stopper No Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-cumulative Convertible or non-convertible NA If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA If convertible, fully or partially NA If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA Write-down feature NA If write-down, full or partial NA If write-down, full or partial NA	16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA
Coupon rate and any related index NA 19 Existence of a dividend stopper No 20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 21 Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No 22 Non-cumulative or cumulative Non-Cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible NA 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA 25 If convertible, fully or partially NA 26 If convertible, conversion rate NA 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature NO NA NA NA NA		Coupons / dividends	
Existence of a dividend stopper Pully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-cumulative or cumulative Convertible or non-convertible If convertible, conversion trigger(s) If convertible, fully or partially If convertible, conversion rate If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA Write-down feature No If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA	17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	NA
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-Cumulative Convertible or non-convertible If convertible, conversion trigger(s) If convertible, fully or partially If convertible, conversion rate NA If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA Write-down feature NA If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA If write-down, full or partial NA	18	Coupon rate and any related index	NA
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem No Non-Cumulative Non-Cum	19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
22 Non-cumulative or cumulative 23 Convertible or non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) 25 If convertible, fully or partially 26 If convertible, conversion rate 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 30 Write-down feature 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 32 If write-down, full or partial	20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully Discretionary
23 Convertible or non-convertible 24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA 25 If convertible, fully or partially NA 26 If convertible, conversion rate NA 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature No 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA	21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
24 If convertible, conversion trigger(s) NA 25 If convertible, fully or partially NA 26 If convertible, conversion rate NA 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature No 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 32 If write-down, full or partial NA	22	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-Cumulative
25 If convertible, fully or partially 26 If convertible, conversion rate 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 30 Write-down feature 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 32 If write-down, full or partial	23	Convertible or non-convertible	NA
26 If convertible, conversion rate 27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion NA 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature NO 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA	24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA
27 If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion 28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature No 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA NA	25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA
28 If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into NA 29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into NA 30 Write-down feature No 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 32 If write-down, full or partial NA	26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA
29 If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into 30 Write-down feature 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) 32 If write-down, full or partial NA	27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA
30 Write-down feature No 31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 32 If write-down, full or partial NA	28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA
31 If write-down, write-down trigger(s) NA 32 If write-down, full or partial NA	29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA
32 If write-down, full or partial NA	30	Write-down feature	No
	31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA
33 If write-down, permanent or temporary NA	32	If write-down, full or partial	NA
	33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA



Sr. No.	Particulars	Equity
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Perpetual Debt Instruments
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA

^{*}Various dates of issuance of equity are as follows:

8th December 1993, 2nd April 1994, 28th September 1994, 26th October 1994, 23rd October 1998, 31st December 2001, 28th March 2002, 30th March 2002, 28th March 2003, 21st March 2005, 25th April 2005, 27th July 2007, 24th September 2009, 20th October 2012, 4th February 2013, 18th December 2017, 29th May 2019, 26th September 2019.

The main features of Additional Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Series 26	Series 28
1	Issuer	Axis Bank Ltd.	Axis Bank Ltd.
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE238A08427	INE238A08443
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
	Regulatory treatment		
4	Transitional Basel III rules	NA	NA
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Additional Tier I	Additional Tier I
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Perpetual Debt	Perpetual Debt
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital	₹35,000 million	₹35,000 million
9	Par value of instrument	₹35,000 million and each bond of ₹1 million	₹35,000 million and each bond of ₹1 million
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	14 th December 2016	28 th June 2017
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes
		Optional Call Date: 14 th December 2021	Optional Call Date: 28 th June 2022
1.5	Optional call date, contingent call	Redemption at Par.	Redemption at Par.
15	dates and redemption amount	Perpetual Bonds are also subject to "Tax call option" and "Regulatory call option"	Perpetual Bonds are also subject to "Tax call option" and "Regulatory call option"
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	14 th December in each year commencing 14 th December 2021	28 th June in each year commencing 28 th June 2022



Sr. No.	Particulars	Series 26	Series 28
	Coupons / dividends		
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.75% p.a.	8.75% p.a.
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Yes	Yes
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Full discretionary	Full Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-Convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA	NA
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA	NA
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA	NA
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA
30	Write-down feature	Yes There are two types of	Yes There are two types of
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	write down triggers: 1. Trigger Event means that the Bank's CET 1 Ratio is: (i) if calculated at any time prior to March 31, 2020, at or below 5.5%; or (ii) if calculated at any time from and including March 31, 2020, at or below 6.125%, (the "CET1 Trigger Event Threshold") 2. PONV Trigger, in respect of the Bank means the earlier of: (i) a decision that a principal write-down, without which the Bank would become nonviable, is necessary, as determined by the RBI; and (ii) the decision to make a public sector injection of capital, or equivalent support, without which the Bank would have become non-viable, as	write down triggers: 1. Trigger Event means that the Bank's CET 1 Ratio is: (i) if calculated at any time prior to March 31, 2020, at or below 5.5%;



Sr. No.	Particulars	Series 26	Series 28
		determined by the RBI.	the Bank would have become non-viable, as determined by the RBI.
32	If write-down, full or partial	Fully or Partially	Fully or Partially
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	In case of pre specified trigger-Permanent or Temporary In case of PONV Trigger -	In case of pre specified trigger-Permanent or Temporary In case of PONV Trigger
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	only Permanent. The instrument may be written-up (increase) back to its original value in future depending upon the conditions prescribed in the terms and conditions of the instrument.	- only Permanent. The instrument may be written-up (increase) back to its original value in future depending upon the conditions prescribed in the terms and conditions of the instrument.
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual non-cumulative preference shares and subordinated to the claims of all depositors and general creditors & subordinated debt (other than subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier1 Capital) of the Bank.	Superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual non-cumulative preference shares and subordinated to the claims of all depositors and general creditors & subordinated debt (other than subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier1 Capital) of the Bank.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA	NA



The main features of Subordinated debt capital instruments are given below:

Sr. No.	Particulars	SERIES 19	SERIES 20	SERIES 21	SERIES 22	SERIES 23	SERIES 24	SERIES 25	SERIES 27
1	Issuer	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd	Axis Bank Ltd
2	Unique identifier	INE238A08328	INE238A08336	INE238A08344	INE238A08369	INE238A08377	INE238A08393	INE238A08419	INE238A08435
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
				Reg	ulatory treatment				
	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type				Tier 2 Ins	strument			
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (In Million)	₹6,000	₹7,700	₹15,000	₹8,500	₹15,000	₹24,300	₹18,000	₹ 50,000
9	Par value of instrument	₹ 15,000 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 19,250 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 25,000 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 8,500 million including ₹ 500 million of Green Shoe Option and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 15,000 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 24,300 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹ 18,000 million and each debenture of ₹ 1 million	₹50000 million and each debenture of ₹1 million
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	1st Dec 2011	20 th Mar 2012	31st Dec 2012	12 th Feb 2015	30 th Sep 2015	27 th May 2016	23 rd Nov 2016	15 th June 2017
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	1 st Dec 2021	20 th Mar 2022	31st Dec 2022	12 th Feb 2025	30 th Sep 2025	27 th May 2026	23 rd Nov 2026	15 th June 2027



14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
				Co	upons / dividend				
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.73% p.a. payable annually	9.30% p.a. payable annually	9.15% p.a. payable annually	8.45% p.a. payable annually	8.5% p.a. payable annually	8.50% p.a. payable annually	7.84% p.a. payable annually	7.66% p.a. payable annually
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory				Partially di	scretionary			
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative				Partially dis	scretionary			
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible							
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA



27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
30	Write-down feature	No	No	No		,	Yes		
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA	NA	NA	PONV Trigger				
32	If write-down, full or partial	NA	NA	NA	Fully or Partially				
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA	NA	NA	Permanent				
34	If temporary write- down, description of write-up mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	and subordina of all other unse and deposito Ltd., as regards principal and		(i) Senior to the	f debenture holder(s) shall be the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier I capital of the Bank and tate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of the Bank.				f the Bank and
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
37	If yes, specify non- compliant features				NA				



XIV. FULL TERMS & CONDITIONS OF REGULATORY CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

The full terms and conditions of all instruments included in the regulatory capital are as below:

Sr. No.	Capital Type	Instruments	Full Terms and Conditions (Term Sheets & Offer Circular)
1	Equity	Equity	<u>Click Here</u>
5		Series – 19	Click Here
6		Series – 20	Click Here
7		Series – 21	Click Here
8		Series – 22	Click Here
9	Subordinate Debts	Series – 23	<u>Click Here</u>
10		Series – 24	Click Here
11]	Series – 25	Click Here
12		Series – 27	<u>Click Here</u>
13	Tion 1	Series – 26	Click Here
14	Tier 1	Series – 28	<u>Click Here</u>

XVI. EQUITIES - DISCLOSURE FOR BANKING BOOK POSITIONS

The risk oversight relating to the equity portfolio is part of the overall independent risk management structure of the Bank and is subjected to the risk management processes and policies approved by the Bank.

In accordance with the RBI guidelines, investments are classified at the time of purchase as:

- Held for Trading ('HFT');
- Available for Sale ('AFS'); and
- Held to Maturity ('HTM').

Investments that are held principally for sale within a short period are classified as HFT securities. As per the RBI guidelines, HFT securities, which remain unsold for a period of 90 days are reclassified as AFS securities.

Investments that the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified under the HTM category. Investments in the equity of subsidiaries/joint ventures are categorized as HTM in accordance with the RBI guidelines. All other investments are classified as AFS securities.

Equity investments carried under the HTM category are carried at acquisition cost. Realised gains on investments under the HTM category are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account and subsequently appropriated to Capital Reserve account (net of taxes and transfer to statutory reserves) in accordance with the RBI guidelines. Losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

The Bank does not have any equity under the Banking Book.



XVII. COMPARISION OF ACCOUNTING ASSETS AND LEVERAGE RATIO EXPOSURE MEASURE

(₹ in millions)

	Item	Amount
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	82,12,767
2	Adjustments for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purpose but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-
3	Adjustments for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	1,72,033
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	-
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	11,57,171
7	Other adjustments	(3,246)
8	Leverage ratio exposure	95,38,725

XVIII. LEVERAGE RATIO COMMON DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE

	Item	Leverage ratio
	On-balance sheet exposures	
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	80,86,891
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)	(3,246)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures(excluding derivatives and SFTs)(sum of lines 1 and 2)	80,83,645
	Derivative exposures	
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	86,049
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	1,66,506
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	1
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	1
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	-
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	2,52,555
	Securities financing transaction exposures	
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	45,354
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	-
14	CCR Exposure for SFT Assets	-
15	Agent transaction exposures	-
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	45,354



	Item	Leverage ratio framework				
	Other off-balance sheet exposures					
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	32,45,198				
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(20,88,027)				
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)					
	Capital and total exposures					
20	Tier I capital	8,95,146				
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3,11,16 and 19)	95,38,725				
	Leverage Ratio					
22	Basel III leverage ratio	9.38%				

XVIX. RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL PUBLISHED BALANCE SHEET SIZE AND ON BALANCE SHEET EXPOSURE

	Item	Amount
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	82,12,767
2	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions, i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin	(80,522)
3	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	(45,354)
4	Adjustment for entities outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-
5	On-balance sheet items(excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	80,86,891